

CONTROL STREAMS BY USE OF RESERVOIRS SAYS LEIGHTON.

Thereby Conserving the Water Supply of Western Pennsylvania and Insuring Navigation.

GOES INTO WATER QUESTION

Takes Up the Situation in the Monongahela Basin, and Reviews the Good Results From Canalization of the Yough to West Newton and the Enormous Savings.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—The preliminary report of the United States Waterways Commission has been made public and contains much interesting matter bearing upon the waterways of Western Pennsylvania. It gives detailed matter relative to Pittsburgh harbors, and also that during the year the only expense to the city was for the payment of a wharfmaster and by a substantial, amounting slightly over \$200.

Forty pages of the report are devoted to a detailed consideration of the waterways of the Ohio river and the prevention of floods and the regulation of the depth of water for navigation in the Ohio river. It is written by M. O. Leighton, Chief Hydrographer of the United States Geological Survey, and is entitled "The Regulation of Water Conservation to Flood Prevention and Navigation in the Ohio River." He argues that the flow of streams should be controlled by storage reservoirs to temporarily hold the flood waters and that, except along portions of the river channels too steep for open navigation, the proper way to maintain navigable depth at the low water season is by intelligent use of stored water instead of canalization. The reservoir plan was advocated by a British engineer in 1890, and in this country about 50 years ago by Charles F. Smith, Jr. Mr. Leighton is quoted as having said in 1897, by a report with regard to the Ohio, in which he asserted that the six states assumed that it was necessary for storage reservoirs, each capable of storing the drainage of 500 square miles, were to be found in the Ohio basin. "There were other objections, but it is said that the difficulties suggested have been overcome by modern science."

The one question remaining, argues Mr. Leighton, is whether there is "availability on the highlands tributaries of the Ohio sufficient water supply and storage capacity to prevent floods and to maintain deep water navigation during seasons of low water."

"Treasury of the Monongahela basin," Mr. Leighton says. "The drainage area of this river is 7,000 square miles in extent. Excellent topographic surveys covering the entire basin make it possible to determine with a fair degree of accuracy the storage facilities afforded by the basin. The character of the drainage area is somewhat similar to that of the Allegheny. Proper manipulation of the reservoirs, that is, storage of water in the Monongahela basin would afford an increased stage above that of low water at three sections, namely, the Stearns bridge, Riverside and McKeesport, and provide ample depth for navigation of the river during low-water seasons. It is possible that the money spent for canalization might have been spent for better purposes in the future. Now that the dam is erected, the proper course is to erect the reservoirs and produce power in the basin, so that the system will be self-supporting."

If the system of storage reservoirs were installed, the dam would be the dam that has been erected on the Monongahela for canalization at an expense of over \$5,000,000, the income from water power rental, at an average of \$20 per acre power year, would be \$87,500, or an equivalent of a 2 per cent. income on an investment of \$2,000,000 on the Youghiogheny alone, where it is proposed to install a dam and dam at an expense of \$10,000,000, proper development of storage will insure the production of a minimum income of \$1,000,000 per year, of which, reckoned on the exceedingly low price of \$20 per acre power year, would produce a total income of \$42,000, which represents an interest of 2 per cent. on \$2,000,000.

Westmoreland Republican Candidates. GREENSBURG, Pa., May 3.—Charles C. Crowell, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, has made his first announcement of candidates for the June primaries. The following are included in the list: Judge, James S. Weaver, Charles C. Crowell and J. E. R. Cunningham; District Attorney, William D. Pott, Jr.; of Greensburg; Probationary, Harry N. Yont, of Greensburg; Clerk of Court, John M. Hawk, of Greensburg; Jury Commissioner, E. J. Heiler, of Hempfield township.

Hundreds Hunt For Babies. Hundreds of persons are engaged in hunting for babies and Mrs. Blanche, children of Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Blush, of Erie. They have been missing since Saturday morning.

Arrested Poker Players. Nineteen officers arrested five Italian men who were playing poker in a stable on Fifth street, Sunday.

LOST A FOOT.

Charles Devonshire Attempted to Fight From No. 10 and Fell Under.

Charles Devonshire, colored, aged 27 years, formerly an employee of the Wyomah Hotel, fell beneath train No. 10 Saturday night and had his right foot crushed off. Devonshire boarded the train at the depot and was riding down to Main street. In front of the Kelly House he intended to alight, but thought he would ride farther. In crouching to make the spring from the train his overcoat caught and threw him beneath the train.

He was removed to the Cottage State Hospital where the foot was amputated.

LOST BOY IS FOUND IN CULVERT.

Had Been Three Days and Nights Without Food Near Talley.

ANGRY WHEN HE LEFT HOME

Six-Year-Old Mike Since Near Death When Found This Morning—Body Was Swollen From Exposure and Now Has Pneumonia.

After an absence of three days and three nights from home Mike Sisco, six-year-old son of Mike Sisco, a father employed at Clinton mines and residing at Valley works, was found at 11 o'clock this morning lying unconscious in a small culvert, near his father's home.

He had been without food or water since his disappearance three days ago, and when found his little body was swollen from cold and exposure.

The lad left home after being corrected by his father, and evidently went into the culvert to get over his wrath at the punishment. His absence from home was not noted immediately, as he had a habit of going away and staying for hours at a time. His mother is dead and he is the only child. His father continued along at his work, but when the first day passed and the lad did not return he began a search among the neighbors but was unable to find him. The search then became general, but not until this morning was he found.

It is probable that the boy stayed in the culvert so long that when he tried to leave he was too stiffened by the cold and fell prostrate where he was found.

Upon finding him Dr. M. A. Noon of Everson was quickly summoned and gave medical aid. The boy's body is still badly swollen, and he has contracted pneumonia. Dr. Noon stated this afternoon that there were slight hopes for the boy's recovery.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT IS BRIEF

Two Cases of Diphtheria, Two of Scarlatina Fever and Three of Typhoid Reported this Month.

Health Officer Allen Hyatt has completed his report for the month of April. It is one of the briefest reports that officer has turned out for some time. His comments, as usual, upon the good health which prevails in the borough and states that during the month of two cases of diphtheria, two of scarlatina fever and three of typhoid were reported.

Although several cases of measles have been rumored, none was reported. Health Officer Hyatt again calls attention to the need of cleaning up while the mandate is issued grocery men that vegetables and fruit exposed for sale on the street must be placed at least 18 inches above the sidewalk.

Fair and Warmer Tuesday. Showers this afternoon and tonight, Tuesday, and slightly warmer, is the moon weather bulletin.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY WHO WILL ARRAIGN INDIANA EDITORS.



Stuart McNamara, assistant United States attorney of the District of Columbia, has come to Connellsville to appear against Dolan, Smith, and Charles R. Williams, owners of the Indianapolis News, in the matter of the charges growing out of articles printed concerning the purchase of the Panama canal. The editors will be taken before the United States court in Indianapolis for arraignment.

INDEPENDENTS RAISE RATES.

Tri-State Telephone Will Cost More From Now On, It Is Said.

HIGHER THAN BELL COMPANY

Free Radius Is Reduced and Connellsville Suffers to Some Extent—Still Talk to Uniontown and Scottsdale Free of Charge.

Beginning May 1 the rates of the American Union Telephone Company, which absorbed the Tri-State company, were raised until now they are higher than those charged by the Bell company in this district. Not only have the rates been increased, in some cases as much as 25 per cent., but the free radius has been curtailed. Free calls to the eastern part of the county will no longer be allowed Connellsville subscribers, while those of Scottsdale and Point Marion must pay to talk to Uniontown.

With these two exceptions, all the towns in Fayette county may talk to Uniontown without additional charge. The company gives for its reason that the congested condition of the lines makes it necessary to curtail the radius.

The increase in rates is high, but the company says they now correspond with the rates charged by the American Union Company elsewhere. Business houses paying \$21 a year now will be charged \$36, and residence places are raised in proportion.

The increase does not effect present subscribers as long as their phones remain in the present location. Any change in residence will put the old subscribers under the new rate. New subscribers must pay the increased charges.

There are three classes of service now offered by the company, the one-party, two-party and four-party lines. The first is, of course, the most expensive. Although it is reported on good authority that the Bell Telephone Company has slashed rates in Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, those at the local exchange of that company this morning had no knowledge of a reduction in toll charges. Out of Pittsburgh the rate to a score of points has been cut from 15 to 40 per cent., but most of these are in Ohio towns.

Burglars Were Active. Burglars were active in town Saturday night and met with indifferent success. At the home of Joseph Ritten, on the South Side, marauders ransacked a chicken coop and secured eight big hens.

Burglars attempted to enter the home of Charles Cohen on the West Side, that night but did not succeed.

SAVES TWO LIVES WITH TRUSTY GUN.

Former President Roosevelt Kills Ferocious Lion in Nick of Time.

TWO OF PARTY WERE IN DANGER

They Turned to Flee as Lion Crouched For Spring, But Crack of Colonel's Weapon Makes Leo Bite the Dust—Hero of All East Africa Now.

United Press Telegram.

NARONI, May 3.—To the accuracy with a rifle aimed by Colonel Roosevelt, two members of his party owe their lives today. As a result of the distinguished American's rifle being charged by all here, a belated white man, name not given, and a native were beating the hunting grounds when they suddenly stumbled on a gigantic lion, crouched ready to spring. The pair wheeled their horses and started to flee, but as the giant brute's muscles relaxed in the inception of a spring a shot rang out and the lion fell dead in a heap.

Colonel Roosevelt had followed the hunters closely and taking aim sent a bullet through the lion's brain. It was the biggest animal of the lion kill. There was great camp rejoicing when the story was told but Colonel Roosevelt belittled his marksmanship in declaring the lion present "a glorious target."

With five lions and numerous speckles of smaller game as a bag of the first hunting expedition, Colonel Roosevelt and party rested Sunday at Naroni, near Kapsai, and resumed the hunt today. They seek giraffe, one of which has yet been seen. The lions secured have been sent to Mombasa for treatment.

Colonel Roosevelt has three lions and one lioness skin to show for his rifle prowess, while Kermit's prize is a splendid specimen of lioness. Experts declare all the lions killed are larger than usual, and praise Roosevelt and Kermit as magnificent hunters.

MRS. BOYLE IS YET "WOMAN OF MYSTERY"

Missing Link Not Yet Found and Fond Hopes of Lawyers Are Shattered.

Un'ed Press Telegram.

MERCER, Pa., March 15.—Mrs. James H. Boyle, charged with the "woman of mystery" case, the Commonwealth attorneys, while professing to be hopeful of obtaining a conviction, complain they are mystified as to the movements of the woman after she left her Chicago home in 1906. Several times working on the case since that time have been the vain efforts of identifying her connection with some special incident in some particular city at the time between 1907 and 1909, but always one link is missing.

The final failure occurred yesterday when a New York man, giving the name of Severs came here for the purpose of identifying her, presumably as a woman who worked in New York in Chicago. He spent several minutes in conversation with her.

"That is not the woman I know at all," he said. "Neither I nor the friends I represent ever met that woman."

TEWFIK PASHA QUILTS AS GRAND VIZIER

His Term Was Temporary, Anyway—Many Leaders of Uprising Are Executed in Turkey.

United Press Telegram.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 3.—Grand Vizier Tewfik Pasha handed his resignation to the Sultan today, and Fikri Pasha, whom the ministers drove from office during the uprising of April 13, was reinstated. These changes have not been officially announced but are known positively to have been made. Tewfik Pasha's resignation occasioned no surprise as it was known his tenure in office was temporary, owing to his sympathies with the reactionaries.

HELD BECAUSE HE RESEMBLED A MAN SLAIN LONG AGO.



The detention in Des Moines, Ia., of J. C. Mabray on the suspicion that he was none other than James P. McCann, a man who is supposed to have been murdered near St. Louis in 1903, caused a sensation in two States. "Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington is now serving a life sentence in the Missouri penitentiary at Jefferson City for the murder of McCann. Barrington, whose career reads like a romance, had led a life of crime and adventure almost from childhood.

SMUMER EXCURSION SEASON IS ON NOW.

Good Crowd Went to Indian Creek Valley on First Train Yesterday.

OHIOPLYE OPENS ON MAY 31

Efforts Are Being Made to Have Sunday Excursion Trains to That Point Stop at Indian Creek Each Way for Killarney Park Visitors.

The summer excursion business began on the Indian Creek Valley road yesterday and in spite of the bad weather there were more than 75 passengers. Most of those were people who came up to spend Sunday with relatives in that section and were not out for a day's outing.

Considering the weather this was an exceptional number, as the day was a bad one for travel. Four coaches, two closed and two open, made up the first excursion train of the summer. President Charles F. Hood stated this morning that additional passenger equipment will be purchased to accommodate the traffic which is expected when the season is well under way.

It was stated unofficially this morning that arrangements were being made to have the OhioPLYE excursion train stop at Indian Creek each Sunday for the benefit of those who desire to make the trip up the valley. The Indian Creek Valley train will run from Indian Creek to Killarney Park immediately after the arrival of No. 48 at the former point, and will return to pick up passengers deposited from the OhioPLYE excursion train. On the second day the train will run through to Rogers' Mills.

The OhioPLYE excursions will begin on Memorial Day.

The D. & O. excursion to Cumberland and Pittsburg were slightly delayed because of the miserable weather.

CONDUCTED A RAID.

Constable J. W. Mitchell Looking For a Man Gave Six of Them.

Constable J. W. Mitchell conducted a lone hunt for the sake of Saturday night and rounded up six tramps who were spending the night there. He was looking for a man wanted elsewhere and thought Thayer Green of Philadelphia answered the description.

The other five were given a hearing before Burgess Evans yesterday and were sent out of town. They left seriously ill.

Kirk Hendrickson, proprietor of a Berlin hotel, formerly of Connellsville, is seriously ill at Berlin. He recently underwent an operation in the Mercy hospital, Pittsburg.

GREENWOOD IS NOT YET A PART OF GREATER CONNELLVILLE.

Plot Has Not Been Filed and Will Not Be Completed by Engineer Until Middle of Week.

SUCCESSFUL ONES NAMED.

State Mine Inspector Announces Results in Examinations.

SOMERSET, Pa., May 3.—Thomas S. Lowther, State mine inspector of the twentieth bituminous district, announced the names of those who passed the annual examination of applicants for mine foremen and fire boss certificates.

They are: Mine foreman, first grade—John Gibson, Jr., Jerome, Isiah Clayton, James, mine foremen, second grade—George Mitchell, Garrett, William Mitchell, Garrett, John Spence, Meyersdale; fire bosses—John Gibson, Jerome, Stephen Watkins, Jerome; John Spence, Meyersdale, A. T. Williams, Mine I. Point, John, Jones, Honesdale, J. A. Roberts, Rabjohn, Alexander Hilsop, Wells Creek.

MANY CHANGES ON ELECTION BOARDS.

Only First, Second and Seventh Wards Are Left Undisturbed.

NEW WARD LINES THE CAUSE

Third Needs New Polling Place; Fourth Two Inspectors; Fifth an Election Judge While Sixth Requires Whole New Outfit.

Many changes will be needed in the election boards and polling places of Greater Connellsville before the June primary can be held. The court will be asked, from time to time, to name new polling places, and also appoint men to fill the vacancies existing on the election boards.

The First and Second Wards remain unchanged and the Third Ward election officers hold their jobs. It will be necessary to name a new polling place for the Third Ward as the Chinese laundry, the scene of many a ballot battle in the past, was benevolently assimilated into the Fourth Ward in the "Bloody Third."

The Fourth Ward is left with two polling places and a Judge of Election, but both the inspectors are residents of the new Fifth Ward. It is probable that the regular polling places for the Fourth Ward will be used again, although it is not the most desirable place in the Ward.

In the Fifth Ward the garage of H. P. Barkley on Vine street has been named as the polling place and Judge of Election is the only vacancy. The Sixth Ward needs a polling place and a whole corps of officials, while the Seventh Ward remains unchanged in every particular.

STAR PRISONER WAS A WOMAN

Nora Locett Pushed Man's Head Through Car Window and It Cost Her \$11.

Nora Locett was the star prisoner in police court Sunday morning and it cost her \$11 to pay for the fine she had along with a jail Saturday night.

Nora was on West Penn street, car with several drunks under her apron. She became incensed at a male passenger who occupied the same seat and pushed his head through the window.

When the car reached Connellsville Dispatcher Vince Barry was notified and he, in turn called Officer George Francis. Nora was fined \$5 and directed to pay \$5 for the damages she inflicted on the street car. She paid and was later discharged.

Asbury Harrington, a South Connellsville negro, was disorderly on the streets and is spending 72 hours in the lockup. He was arrested by Officer Joseph O'Brien. Officer Thomas McDonald arrested Pat Lynch of Brownsville for being drunk and Patrick was given 48 hours.

Patrick O'Toole of Everson and William Roselle of Lanesburg were given 48 hours each for being drunk.

Pulled Four Cows. Officer P. M. Rull arrested four cows Saturday afternoon which had gone astray. Officer George Francis assisted in making one arrest. In each instance the owner came to the front and paid his lactical fluid dispenser out.

REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING.

Tuesday Evening at Which Several Important Matters Will Be Taken Up and Disposed Of—Free Telephones for Fire Stations Secured.

Greenwood is not yet a part of Greater Connellsville although the annexation ordinance was passed in proper form and approved by Burgess J. L. Evans. The same hitch has occurred in the Greenwood annexation that was encountered in the Snydertown and East Park proceedings, the plot not having been filed.

Borough Solicitors Higbee and Goldsmith said this morning that the delay was caused by Borough Engineer J. B. Hogg, who has not yet prepared the plot. At Mr. Hogg's office this morning it was stated that this plot would be completed about the middle of the week.

There is a vast amount of work to be done on this map, which must be filed with the Registrar and Recorder before the annexed territory can be considered a part of the borough. It was necessary to draw up a map of Greater Connellsville, as it is today, and add to it the Greenwood addition. The delay was caused by the petition for annexation, which presented only inaccurate lines for boundaries. Mr. Hogg found it necessary to make a survey of the entire plot, and this has just been completed. The lines have now been run and are being added on the plot of the borough.

The regular monthly meeting of the Town Council will be held tomorrow evening, but it is stated that the most important business to be transacted is the monthly payment of bills.

William H. Thomas, chairman of the Finance Committee, is expected to make the report of the Borough Solicitors upon the Greenwood and Snydertown taxation problem. The street committee will hold a conference this evening at which repairing of the streets of the town will be discussed and the recommendations for repairs prepared for submission to Council. It is proposed to place many of the streets of town in much better condition during the summer.

A number of other reports, principal among which is the repairing of the Public building will also be heard. Clerk A. D. Solson has succeeded in making arrangements with the telephone companies for free telephones in the fire stations and this will also be a matter to be brought before the Council for approval.

CASHER CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY

Clifford Drum of Closed Coal Center Bank and Frederick Ward, Promoter, Arrested.

WASHINGTON, Pa., May 3.—Clifford H. Drum of California, cashier of the closed Coal Center bank, and Frederick Ward, a wealthy promoter of Pittsburgh, have been arrested charged with conspiring to defraud the defunct institution. The information was made by John F. Stewart, one of the stockholders, in behalf of himself and associates. The two men waived a preliminary hearing and gave bond in the sum of \$25,000 each, to await the action of the grand jury.

The bank's shortage is alleged to be \$70,000 and is charged to the transactions of the two men under arrest.

The Coal Center bank, a State institution, was closed last January 15 by order of State Banking Commissioner Berkeley. At the time it was said there probably would be no arrests, as the institution had become insolvent through bad loans. The recent developments, which resulted in the arrest of Drum and Ward, followed a partial investigation made by the State banking department and State Senator W. E. Crow of Uniontown, who was appointed receiver a few weeks ago.

Raids Disorderly House. On the complaint of residents of Iowa street, Uniontown, County Detective Alex McBeth, Constables John Sister and Mike Morris and Assistant Chief of Police Robert Seese raided an alleged disorderly house of John and Sarah Shipley Saturday afternoon and arrested Jeff and Frank Sweeney, John and Frank Lilley, Jess and Mary Matthews and Sam Shipley.

School For Foreigners. Citizens of Canonsburg, Pa., have formed an organization for the promotion of education among the foreign ones.

When You Begin to Use
The **COURIER WANT ADS**
You Begin to Travel the Road
That Leads to Success.
One Cent a Word.

SIGNS OF BUSINESS UPTURN ARE RAPIDLY INCREASING.

Indications of General Improvement in Industrial Conditions Gratify Connellsville Coke Men.

BIG ORE SHIPMENTS EXPECTED

Furnaces Are Preparing to Stock Themselves With Ample Raw Material and Are Flaring on Some Heavy Coke Contracts—Railroad Requirements a Large Factor.

From the Weekly Courier.

With an early disposal of the pending tariff legislation, all eyes point to a gradual and considerable improvement in business within a comparatively short period. Although for various reasons improvement has been halted since the first of the year, indications now are that there will be a decided difference in conditions here from the bleak operators of the Connellsville region are today more sanguine of a change than they have been at any time since the hope of a revival appeared on the business horizon.

There are facts to support the belief that business generally and the business of the Connellsville coke region in particular may soon experience better things. Significant of improvement in the blast furnace situation, upon which the consumption of coke so largely depends, is the rate at which iron ore shipments are about to begin from the Lake ore fields. For ore, unlike coke, cannot be drawn up on all the year around but depends for its transportation almost altogether on the Lake season of navigation. This has just opened for 1909. Furnaces are placing contracts and shipments are now under way to begin the annual accumulation of ore at the points of consumption.

Contracts which have been placed this far and those which are under negotiation by independent furnaces concerns would indicate that the blast furnaces of the country do not propose to be caught short of raw material between this and the Spring of 1910. The United States Steel Corporation ore interest is expected to make much heavier shipments than was the case last year. One big independent ore concern, the W. P. Snyder Company has already taken orders for 250,000 tons of ore at last year's prices. One independent valley furnace alone has taken 50,000 tons of ore.

Inquiries for large coke requirements are now being considered by leading Connellsville region producers. One Western furnace interest has contracted for 114,000 tons of coke at a fair price, covering its requirements until July, 1910. It is likely that some large orders for furnace coke will be closed within the next 10 days or thereabouts, a strong feeling among coke consumers that the delayed upturn in coke at hand and that they will have to buy on a much more steady market if they wait until later in the year.

Other factors indicating early improvement are not lacking. Not only are coke shipments from the region on the increase in general volume but railroads report a noticeable increase in general freight business within the past two weeks. Reports of this sort or come from all parts of the United States.

E. P. Treusdale, Special Agent for the Pennsylvania railroad in the Connellsville region, who returned last week from a meeting of all the division and special freight agents of the Pennsylvania system which took place at Philadelphia, threw an interesting side light on conditions. Mr. Treusdale said: "At the meeting which I attended there were 200 freight agents from all parts of the United States, representing the Pennsylvania system. Each agent made a brief report of conditions, present and prospective in his territory. These verbal reports were reduced to writing by the official stenographer and in the evening the transcript was placed before President McCrea. Mr. McCrea went through these reports and then addressed the meeting giving a summary of what he had found in the reports. He found that all were in a vein indicating a general and gradual revival of business. Mr. McCrea stated that while he did not look for a boom, he did believe that gradual improvement was at hand and he was greatly pleased that conditions in all parts of the country appeared so uniformly on the mend."

The United States Steel Corporation appears to be generally increasing the total percentage of its plants in operation. While here and there local fluctuations take place, the general trend at Steel Corporation mills appears to be upwards. The percentage of mills running and output is considerably greater than 30 days ago, the increase running about two per cent of the total.

The Lackawanna Steel Company is running close to 90 per cent. of its capacity. With the exception of mills, this company reports a good demand for steel.

Another interesting feature of the situation is reflected in Wall Street. In the face of the industrial depression, the four leading railway equipment companies have enjoyed a big advance in the market value of their shares since the low point of the 1908 depression. The common and preferred stocks of the American Locomotive Company, the American Car & Foundry Company, the Prospekt Steel

Car Company and the Railway Steel Spring Company have had an advance in the market price of their stocks since February of last year, aggregating \$40,000,000.

This advance is attributed to the fact that the railroads of the country have been buying little equipment and will need large quantities of it as business increases. The equipment companies will reap the benefit in bigger business and increased earnings. This condition has made their stocks an attractive proposition to the investing public and the market prices have kept up in consequence. Many of the big railroads of the country will require an enormous amount of new equipment to replace that which is worn out and which was retained during the era of shrinking traffic. All four of these companies are looking forward to augmented business and the volume of orders received by them has already greatly increased.

LEADING BANKERS' MEETING

Executive Council of American Bankers' Association Begins Session. New York, May 3.—Leading bankers of the United States, comprising the membership of the executive council of the American Bankers' association, met today at Brattleboro Manor to discuss matters of interest to the money institutions of the country.

The council, whose chairman is F. O. Watts, president of the First National bank of Nashville, Tenn., will remain in session until Wednesday. It is composed of the officers of the association and representatives of the various states. There are about seventy-five members of the council in attendance at the meeting.

The important committees of the association will report to the council at the meeting. Among the matters to be discussed are the convention of the association to be held in Chicago in September, legislation, uniform laws, taxation, trust companies, etc.

HYDE GETS 30 DAYS

Former Vice President of Equitable Life Penalized in Paris. Paris, May 3.—James H. Hyde of New York, former vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, and chauffeur, Lawrence, were sentenced by default, Mr. Hyde to one month's imprisonment and a fine of \$100 and Lawrence to a month's imprisonment and a fine of \$30.

They were charged with running into a public taxicab last October and injuring a passenger. The complaint was charged that after the accident Lawrence sped away. Under a law passed last July which after an accident is a special offense.

At present Mr. Hyde is on an automobile trip in the Riviera.

IOWA TURNS NEW LEAF

Improved System of Accounting Becomes Effective Today. Des Moines, Ia., May 3.—A new regime in state officers' expenses went into effect in Iowa today. The state will keep absolute record of all expenditures by a system of books given to officers and employees.

The record will embrace fares, hotel bills, livings, express and meals, with a complete record of time and place when such expenses were incurred. The books will then be turned in to the executive council, sworn to and audited. Governor Carroll is responsible for the system.

DR. MANUEL AMADOR DEAD

First President of Republic of Panama Passes Away. Panama, May 3.—Dr. Manuel Amador, first president of the republic of Panama, is dead after a lingering illness. He was seventy-five years old.

Manuel Amador was one of the prime movers in the revolution in 1903 against Colombia, which led to the independence of Panama.

Bank Statements.	
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CONNELLSVILLE, at Connellsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28th, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$1,001,000.00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	2,312.32
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	75,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,900.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	290,572.89
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	206,210.21
Other real estate owned	10,978.90
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	11,013.70
Due from approved reserve agents	88,740.51
Checks and other cash items	2,807.00
Exchanges for clearing	3,731.50
Notes of other National Banks	3,490.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	501.39
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$116,120.70
Legal-tender notes	5,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,750.00
Total	\$1,801,141.18
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	75,000.00
Surplus fund	200,000.00

Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	28,366.58
National Bank notes outstanding	75,000.00
Due to other National Banks	1,000.00
Dividends unpaid	1,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	280,171.88
Demand certificates of deposit	92,368.45
Time certificates of deposit	1,300.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	8.00
Total	\$1,801,141.18

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, E. T. Norton, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. T. NORTON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.

J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK, at Connellsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$378,183.12
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	24.19
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,200.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	34,307.31
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	103,200.62
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	11,032.01
Due from approved reserve agents	89,153.32
Checks and other cash items	1,702.50
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	440.50
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$28,252.15
Legal-tender notes	9,977.15
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$700,341.01
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	50,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	53,008.25
National Bank notes outstanding	50,000.00
Dividends unpaid	2,075.00
Individual deposits subject to check	471,538.04
Demand certificates of deposit	21,707.72
Total	\$700,341.01

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, J. A. Armstrong, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. A. ARMSTRONG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.

J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE VOICER NATIONAL BANK, at Connellsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$475,727.73
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	641.51
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	75,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	3,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	75,502.25
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	1,000.00
Other real estate owned	11,158.75
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	45,807.40
Due from approved reserve agents	2,502.18
Checks and other cash items	1,913.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	103.20
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$29,023.05
Legal-tender notes	30,123.05
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	3,750.00
Total	\$751,704.33
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	75,000.00
Surplus fund	75,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	10,110.73
National Bank notes outstanding	75,000.00
Dividends unpaid	7,478.02
Individual deposits subject to check	\$103,804.03
Demand certificates of deposit	3,331.50
Certified checks	761.65
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,738.17
Notes and bills rediscounted	37,000.00
Total	\$751,704.33

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, E. T. Norton, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. T. NORTON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.

J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE COLONIAL NATIONAL BANK, at Connellsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$118,485.30
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	3,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	3,021.88
Bonds, securities, etc.	3,000.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	72,503.63
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	140.37
Due from approved reserve agents	21,025.58
Checks and other cash items	1,010.00
Exchanges for clearing	500.16
Notes of other National Banks	800.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	112.18
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	112.18
Legal-tender notes	112.18
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	112.18
Total	\$118,485.30
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	75,000.00
Surplus fund	200,000.00

Bank, via:	
Specie	\$1,000.00
Legal-tender notes	2,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$5,500.00
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,246.00
National Bank notes outstanding	68,500.00
Dividends unpaid	4,075.19
Due to other National Banks	34.71
Individual deposits subject to check	95,371.28
Demand certificates of deposit	201.00
Certified checks	500.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	15.00
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	25,000.00
Total	\$302,934.07

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, E. T. Norton, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. T. NORTON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.

A. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: A. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF CONNELLSVILLE, at Connellsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28th, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$473,848.35
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	4,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	5,000.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	7,000.00
Due from National Banks	10,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents	90,251.20
Checks and other cash items	1,770.12
Notes of other National Banks	510.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	32.57
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$17,831.80
Legal-tender notes	27,331.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	5,000.00
Total	\$808,072.02
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	11,320.15
National Bank notes outstanding	67,900.00
Individual deposits subject to check	\$381,274.27
Demand certificates of deposit	12,052.44
Certified checks	54.10
Cashier's checks outstanding	410.00
Total	\$808,072.02

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, James L. Kurtz, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. KURTZ, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of April, 1909.

P. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: P. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NEW HAVEN NATIONAL BANK, at New Haven, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$122,058.82
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	3,408.28
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,500.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	31,016.70
Due from approved reserve agents	5,247.12
Checks and other cash items	5,185.37
Notes of other National Banks	2,116.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	312.08
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$8,720.28
Legal-tender notes	10,500.25
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$295,881.88
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$60,000.00
Surplus fund	20,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,260.82
National Bank notes outstanding	49,200.00
Individual deposits subject to check	130,279.00
Demand certificates of deposit	330.00
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	12,000.00
Total	\$295,881.88

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, Jas. C. Long, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAS. C. LONG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of April, 1909.

J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: J. H. KURTZ, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, at Pottsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$46,317.76
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	5.04
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,127.63
Bonds, securities, etc.	2,000.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	10,285.00
Due from approved reserve agents	10,470.36
Checks and other cash items	375.43
Notes of other National Banks	440.00
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	440.00
Legal-tender notes	440.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	440.00
Total	\$100,000.00
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits	1,127.63
Due from National Banks	6,570.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	200.01
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	19,580.05
Legal-tender notes	4,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	1,000.00
Total	\$100,000.00

Traditional paper currency, nickels, and cents	
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	264.25
Specie	\$4,518.27
Legal-tender notes	750.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (five per cent. of circulation)	1,250.00
Total	\$108,500.28
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus fund	2,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,018.81
National Bank notes outstanding	21,700.00
Individual deposits subject to check	\$24,194.87
Demand certificates of deposit	425.03
Time certificates of deposit	2,000.15
Cashier's checks outstanding	10.42
Total	\$108,500.28

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, W. A. Cosgrove, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. A. COSGROVE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.

R. R. McLaughlin, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: R. R. McLaughlin, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LAWSON, at Dawson, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28th, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$218,176.26
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	73.22
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,000.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	70,000.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	5,217.50
Due from State	1,000.00
Private	30.22
Due from approved reserve agents	209,904.02
Checks and other cash items	717.19
Notes of other National Banks	7,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	243.62
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$4,012.00
Legal-tender notes	50,412.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$845,236.50
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits	1,000.00
Due from National Banks	11,512.50
Due from State	1,000.00
Private	30.22
Due from approved reserve agents	209,904.02
Checks and other cash items	717.19
Notes of other National Banks	7,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	243.62
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
Specie	\$4,012.00
Legal-tender notes	50,412.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$845,236.50

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, John H. Wirtz, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. H. WIRTZ, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.

A. VAN HORN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: A. VAN HORN, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, at Perryopolis, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28th, 1909.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$101,071.21
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4.14
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	30,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	2,414.70
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	91,300.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	1,700.50
Due from approved reserve agents	88,200.00
Checks and other cash items	1,710.68
Notes of other National Banks	6,570.00

The BLACK BAG

By Louis Joseph Vance

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"Well, never mind! We'll go over the matter at our leisure on the Atlantic."

There was in the adventurer's tone a menace, bitter and not to be ignored, which Mulready saw it to challenge.

"I think not," he declared. "I think not. I'm weary of your addle pated suspicions. It'd be plain to any one but a fool that I acted for the best interests of all concerned in this matter. If you're not content to see it in that light I'm done."

"Oh, if you want to put it that way I'm not content, Mr. Mulready," retorted Calendar dangerously.

"Please yourself. I bid you good evening and—goodby." The man took a step toward the stairs.

Calendar dropped his right hand into his topcoat pocket. "Just a minute," he said sweetly, and Mulready stopped. Abruptly the fat adventurer's snarling resentment leaped in flame. "That will be about all, Mr. Mulready! 'Bout face, you bound, and get into that boat! You're thick till you're content with you till doomsday? Then forget it. You're wrong, dead wrong. Your bluff's called, and—'with an evil chuckle—'I hold a full house, Mulready—every chamber taken.' He lifted meaningfully the hand in the coat pocket. "Now, in with you!"

With a grin and a swag of pure bravado Mulready turned and obeyed. Unnoticed of any save perhaps Calendar himself the boat had drawn in at the stage a moment earlier. Mulready dropped into it and turned himself suddenly upon the ship's bow.

"Now, Dorothy, in you go, my dear," continued Calendar, with a self-satisfied wag of his head.

Half dazed, at all seeming, she moved toward the boat. With clumsy and assertive gallantry her father stepped before her, offering his hand—his hand which she did not touch, for in the act of descending she remembered and swung impulsively back to Kirkwood.

"Good night, Mr. Kirkwood. Good night. I shan't forget."

He took her hand and bowed above it, but when his hand was free he still retained her fingers in a lingering clasp.

"Good night," he said reluctantly. In a sudden flush of daring he turned and nodded coolly to Calendar. "With

triumph. Kirkwood wondered if he had overheard. Whether or no, he could afford to be magnanimous. Seizing Kirkwood's hand, he paused it vigorously.

"My dear boy, you've been in angel in disguise. And I guess you think me the devil in masquerade." He chuckled, in high conceit with himself over the turn of affairs. "Good night and—'and face thee well.' He dropped into the boat, seating himself to face the reluctant Mulready. "Cast off, there!"

The boat dropped away, the oars lifting and falling. With a wonderful sense of loneliness and disappointment Kirkwood hung over the rail to watch them out of sight.

Somewhat wearily the young man released the railing and ascended the stairs. "And that is the end," he told himself, struggling with an acute sense of personal injury. He had been hurriedly used. For a few hours his life had been lightened by the lachrymose plaudits of romance. Mystery and adventure had engaged him. He had served a fair woman and been associated with men whose ways, however questionable, were the ways of courage, lodged thickly about with peril.

Discouraged and aggrieved, he gazed the street. He was miles from St. Paulina, foot weary, to all intents and purposes lost.

In this extremely chance smiled upon him. The caddy who at his initial stance had traveled this weary way from Quadrant street, after the manner of his kind, ere turning back had sought succor of fatigue at the nearest public house. From afar Kirkwood saw the four wheeler at the curb and made all haste toward it.

Entering the gig mill, he found the caddy, seated with a bitter and, in fact, dropped, limp and listless with fatigue, into the conveyance.

CHAPTER IX.

FROM the commanding elevation of the box "Three n' six" enunciated the caddy, his tone that of a man prepared for trouble. His bloodshot eyes blinked truculently at his slighted fare. "Three n' six," he reiterated aggressively.

An adjacent but therefore abstracted policeman pricked up his ears and assumed an intelligent expression.

"Hearney or King to St. Paulina," argued the caddy assertively, "seven miles by the radius—three n' six."

Kirkwood stood on the outer station platform, near the entrance to third class waiting rooms. Continuing to fumble through his pockets for an elusive sovereign purse, he looked up sulkily at the man.

"All right, caddy," he said, with puerile patience; "you'll get your fare in half a shake."

"Three n' six" croaked the caddy, like a blowy and volubly parrot. The caddy stroked his beard.

"Yes," said Kirkwood, mildly diverted. "Why not sing it, caddy?"

"For lumme!" The caddy exploded with indignation, continuing to give a life-like imitation of a ruffled parrot. "I'd trouble enough with you at Bermondsey Old Stairs, how that quid you pointed, didn't I? Sing it! My boy!"

"Quid, caddy?" And then, remembering that he had promised the fellow a sovereign for fast driving from Quadrant mews, Kirkwood grinned broadly, eyes twinkling, for Mulready must have fallen into that covetous trap. "But you got the sovereign? You got it, didn't you, caddy?"

"The driver noticed the fact with unnecessary heat and profanity and an amendment to the effect that he would have spoiled his fare's sanguinary count had the outcome been less satisfactory."

The information proved so amusing to the Kirkwood, chuckling, before to resent the manner of its delivery and, abandoning until more favorable time the chase of the coy sovereign purse, exclaimed from one transverse pocket half a handful of large English small change.

"Three shillings and sixpence," he counted the coins into the caddy's grating and bleated out, with a quietude. "The exact distance is rather less than four miles, my man—your fare, precisely 2 shillings. You may keep the extra 18 pence for being such a conscientious blackguard—or talk it over with the officer here, please yourself."

He nodded to the caddy, who, fattered by the caddy's cold, hard smile, whereupon the latter, smirking in unabashed triumph, spat on the pavement at Kirkwood's feet, gathered up the reins and wheeled out.

Reaching 2 shillings and a few far copper pennies to his pocket, he entered the vast and echoing train shed. In the act his attention was attracted and immediately riveted by the spectacle of a bulky luggage navy in a line jumper in the net of making off with a large folding signboard, of which the surface was lettered extensively with the address, in red ink, against a white background, "Bent Train Leaves on Track 3."

Excitedly Kirkwood touched the man's arm with a detaining hand. "Lost train?" he gasped, pointing at the board.

"Lost ten minutes ago, thank you, sir."

"Well, but—of course I can get another train at Ellbury's."

"For yer boat? No, sir, thank you, sir. Won't be another tryin' till mornin', sir."

"Oh—!"

Alas! Kirkwood drifted away his mind a blank.

Some time later he found himself on the steps outside the station, trying to stare out of countenance a glaring electric mineral water advertisement on the further side of the Easton road.

He was stranded.

Distracted, he searched pocket after pocket, finding his watch, chain and cigarette case, matchbox, pen-knife, all the minutiae of pocket hardware affected by civilized man, with old letters, a cardcase, a square envelope containing his steamer ticket, but no sovereign purse. His small change pocket held only three 3 shillings—two and eight, to be exact, and a brass key, which he failed to recognize as one of his belongings.

And that was all. At some time during the night he had lost for been cunningly bereft of? That little purse of charms containing the three gold sovereigns which he had been handing to pay his steamer expenses and which, if only he had them now, would stand between him and starvation and a night in the streets. If Brantwick were only in town! But he wasn't and wouldn't be within the week.

"No good waiting here," he concluded. Composing his face, he re-entered the station. There were his trunks, of course. He couldn't leave them standing on the station platform forever.

He found the luggage room and interviewed a mechanically courteous attendant, who, as the result of profound deliberation, advised him to try his luck at the lost luggage room across the station. He accepted the advice. It was a foregone conclusion that his effects had not been conveyed to the Turkey docks. They could not have been loaded into the luggage van without his personal supervision. Still, anything was liable to happen when his unlucky star was in the ascendant.

He found them in the lost luggage room.

A clerk helped him identify the articles and ultimately issued him a perfunctory note, "Sixpence each, please."

"Sixpence each, the first charge, sir. For every twenty-four hours or fraction thereof, sixpence per parcel."

"Oh, thank you so much," said Kirkwood sweetly. "I'll call to-day."

"Very good, sir. Thank you, sir."

"Five times sixpence is two and six."

Kirkwood computed, making his way hastily out of the station lest a worse thing befall him. "No, bless your heart—no while two and eight represents the sum total of my fare."

He wandered out into the night. He could not finger round the station till dawn, and what profit to him if he did? Even were he to ransom his trunks one can scarcely change one's clothing in a public waiting room.

Somewhere in the distance a great clock chimed a single stroke freighted with melancholy. It knelt the passing of the half hour after midnight, a witching hour when every public shuns up tight and gentlemen to top hats and evening dress are doomed to make the pave till day dawning with weary or restless means of support—till day, when pawnshops open and such personal effects as watches and hummered silver cigar cases may be hypothesized. What was he to do? An hour passed. Through this long hour Kirkwood walked alone a pauperwise changed, resolutely twice. The world was very still. And so, wandering foot loose to a wilderness of ways, meaning aimlessly, now right, now left, he found himself in Frounall street.

Kirkwood identified it with a start and a guilty tremor. He stopped stock still in an unreasoning state of semi-patience, arrested by a silly impulse to turn and fly, as if the lobby whom he deserted approaching him with measured stride, pausing now and again to try a door or dash his bulimic down a stair, were to be expected to identify the man responsible for his case? "No, no, no!" he muttered, "no, no, no!"

At the corner he averted and crossed, still possessed of his devil of inspiration. It would be unfair to him to say that he did not struggle to resist it, for he did, because it was fairly and egregiously astute; yet, struggling, his feet trod the path to which it tempted him.

"Why," he expostulated feebly, "might as well turn back and beat that caddy over the head with my cane!"

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

We Touch One Another on All Sides.

No individual can be happy unless the circumstances of those around him be so adjusted as to conspire with his interest, for in human society no happiness or misery stands unconnected and independent. Our fortunes are intertwined by threads innumerable. We touch one another on all sides. One man's misfortune or success, his wisdom or his folly, often by its consequences reaches through multitudes. Blair.

STORY OF ADANA TOLD BY WOMAN.

Terrible Experiences Are Described by Miss Elizabeth Webb.

EXPECTED DEATH ANY MOMENT

American Missionaries in Charge of Schools at Adana Went Through Week of Massacre and Pillage Without Losing Courage.

Adana, Asiatic Turkey, May 1 (via Constantinople, May 3).—Miss Elizabeth Webb, a missionary of the American board from Hunker Hill, Ill., has written a narrative of her experiences for the mission board during the first days of the massacre in Adana when the girls' school, to which she was attached, was in the greatest danger and the lives of the students were threatened from all sides. She says in part:

"Our friends came to school as usual on Wednesday (April 21). Although we heard that there was a good deal of unrest in the city, we went on with our preparations for a school entertainment, which was to be held the next day. Soon firing began in the city and before noon things were in such a disturbed condition that we were afraid to send the day scholars home."

"As night came on fires began to flare up in all directions and we were fearful that the rioters would break into the school buildings. Finally about 9 o'clock there came a knock at the gate and in walked the English consul. You can imagine our relief at sight of him. He had heard of the disturbance and had come from Mersina to investigate. The consul is Major Daugherty-Willis. He could stay only for a moment, but he left three of his own guard of Turkish soldiers."

"All through the night we actually seemed to be in a state of siege. The three soldiers kept firing their Martini-Henrys and the fire was returned from the minaret houses near by. In the morning our guard discovered—whether it was a new discovery or not I do not know—that the men in the minaret houses, whose fire they had been returning, were Turkish soldiers and that others who had been firing upon us were friends whom we knew by name. After a good deal of parleying the firing on our building stopped for the time being. Finally, in spite of the fact that the consul had said they would not be returned, the guard insisted that they should leave. We urged them to stay but they climbed the wall and ran away."

Menaced by Fire.

"In the meantime the fires about the city had increased and the sound of shooting could be heard from every point. At that the consul passed. He said that only one man was more useful than the other three. Soon after the consul left our fire broke out in the adjacent streets, and unless something was done speedily our school building must be destroyed. We had Turkish flags on all sides of the building but this did not stop the thousands engaged in the riots from firing their weapons, although apparently they were not directed against us."

"If our building burned the Chaldean house must burn also. Then where could we go for safety? Our only safety seemed to be to check the flames. We women and girls carried water, while the men cut down the shed and an old house in the corner of our yard. A shed on the opposite side of the street was also torn down and the things in this were what the progress of the fire could be stayed. About this time we were horrified to learn that Mr. Rogers and Mr. Maurer had been shot. It seemed that they had been fighting the fire and were not with the other men cutting down the sheds. They were brought into our dining room but Mr. Maurer already was dead and Mr. Rogers lived only a few moments. The Rev. Stephen R. Trowbridge, who was near them at the time, escaped."

Resorted to Prayer.

"A new misfortune overtook us; our guard of one man disappeared; things looked pretty dark. I came to my room, where the girls were asked, quietly waiting. For me to tell them what had happened would only cause a panic, so I said, 'We have done all we can, now let us pray.'"

"Before I had finished praying the bugle of the consul's guard and the Turkish officials with whom he was conferring sounded in the street. Unfortunately he could not spare a guard for us but promised to send one immediately. It was a terrible situation. Women and girls practically alone in the building, a murderous mob outside, with knife and bullet for the Armenians and the torch for their homes. To add to the misery there were the dead on the floor below and the widow of one of them, Mrs. Rogers, with her infant ten weeks old, to comfort."

"The British consul sent a message to the governor on Friday that if this thing was not stopped he would demand of the government and the commander of the troops a satisfactory explanation. Whether or not they were powerless to stop the dreadful work before this I do not know, but anyway this was a step."

Smallpox Breaks Out at Adana.

Adana, May 3.—Smallpox has broken out in epidemic form here. During the past two weeks the spread of disease has been frightful.

GIRL VICTIMS OF DAYTON MURDER FIEND; MAN ACCUSED OF CRIMES AND HIS HOME



DAYTON, O., May 3.—The arrest here of Elmer Carr on a charge of arson has been followed by a statement made to the authorities by Mrs. Carrie M. Middlestetter, who lived with Carr in which she charges him with the murder of Mary Forschner and Lizzie Fullhart, whose mysterious deaths, attended by ghastly brutality, excited the people of Dayton last January. Mrs. Middlestetter, whose association with Carr led her husband to leave her, declares that Carr not only murdered the two girls, but committed many other attacks on women, and confessed to her that before he came to Dayton he had killed a young girl in Boston, N. Y., under circumstances similar to those which befell the two Dayton girls. Carr, she says, is an ex-convict, having served a term in Sing Sing. Mrs. Middlestetter says it was Carr's custom to go out at night disguised and attack women and that he boasted of his crimes to her. Mary Forschner, 15 years old, was murdered near her home and her body dragged to an old barn. The murder aroused Dayton, and at the height of the excitement a few days later Lizzie Fullhart, 15 years old, disappeared, and her mutilated body was found in a cistern.

PRESIDENT MORE POWERFUL

May Conclude Trade Treaties Under New Tariff Law.

Washington, May 3.—The senate tariff bill, in the section which deals with the maximum and minimum provision, has, in the judgment of experts, one very important feature. It practically vests in the president power to declare a tariff war against any nation or to refrain from any such war. It is given to him to decide whether any nation is discriminating against the products of the United States in its system of duties. This permits the government, through the state department and the other agencies provided by law, to make agreements with other nations as to trade and tariff concessions which can be made effective by a proclamation of the president without the necessity of anything in the way of legislation or treaty agreement.

In this way the duty can be avoided which would necessarily follow the submission to congress or to the senate of any proposition requiring such sanction and approval before putting it into effect.

The bill, it is explained, authorizes the president to employ at his discretion any persons to secure information or assist him in the discharge of these duties, which would mean that he can appoint commissioners representing the United States to go abroad and make agreements with foreign nations.

At the same time attention is paid to the wishes of those who are not in favor of reciprocal agreements of any kind. The proposition makes it impossible to have any rate established lower than the rate in the tariff law. Any change in the case of any nation must be a change in the way of high or duties. No amount of bargaining or concession can secure for any country any reduction in the tariff law.

WORRY CAUSES SUICIDE

Gilbert D. Preston, President of Coal Company, Shoots Himself.

Columbus, O., May 3.—Gilbert D. Preston, president of the Interstate Coal and Coke company, shot and killed himself in the bathroom of his home. But a moment before he had left his wife and son apparently in good health.

Worry over business affairs and grief for his young daughter, who died suddenly a year ago, are held responsible for his suicide.

BRUTAL FATHER JAILED

For Beating Seven-Year-Old Daughter With Heavy Strap.

Chicago, May 3.—Anthony Fisher was arrested in front of his home while beating his seven-year-old daughter with a heavy strap.

The child was screaming and 200 persons were on the point of attacking Fisher when the police arrived. Fisher was put in a cell.

HALVE MAAN NEARLY DONE

Reproduction of Hendrik Hudson's Ship Will Soon Be Complete.

Amsterdam, May 3.—Good progress is being made in completing the ship Halve Maan, recently launched from the shipyard here. This queer looking craft, which the people of the Netherlands are sending as a token of their friendship for America, is expected to prove one of the most attractive features of the naval parade to be held in connection with the celebration on the Hudson river in October.

The Halve Maan will be an exact reproduction of the vessel sailed by Captain Hudson centuries ago. The ship is built of heavy oak timbers and has the high poop and long nose which only to be seen in old pictures of ancient Dutch and Spanish galleons. She is of eighty tons and has a length of sixty-three feet.

Classified Ads

In The Courier bring results. Only one cent a word. Try them.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 22, 1908.

For CHICAGO—8:00 P. M. daily. For CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS and LOUISVILLE via PITTSBURG—6:00 P. M. and 8:00 P. M. daily.

For PITTSBURG—Week days, 6:00 P. M.; 7:15 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.; 8:45 P. M.; Sundays, 7:15 A. M. and 8:45 P. M.

For WASHINGTON, PA., and WHEELING—Week days, 6:00 P. M.; 7:15 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.; 8:45 P. M.; Sundays, 7:15 A. M. and 8:45 P. M.

For MORGANTOWN and FAIRMONT—Week days, 10:00 A. M.; 4:45 and 8:00 P. M.; Sundays, 10:00 A. M. and 8:00 P. M.

For BUFFALO, N. Y., and CLEVELAND, O.—6:00 P. M.; 7:15 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.; 8:45 P. M.

For PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON and all points in the East—Express daily, 9:45 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.; 11:45 P. M.

For CONNELLVILLE—8:45 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. week days; 8:45 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. Sundays.

For C. & O. BRANCH POINTS—8:45 A. M.; 3:00 P. M. daily.

For JOHNSTOWN and points on the S. & C. BRANCH—Week days, 8:45 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.; Sundays, 8:00 P. M.

For CUMBERLAND—Daily Express trains, 9:45 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.; 11:45 P. M.

For SHERADOGUE JUNCTION and points on the N. & W. R. R.—8:45 A. M.; 3:00 P. M. daily.

For HARBERS PERRY and VALLEY DIVISION points—9:45 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.; 11:45 P. M. week days only.

For tickets, Pullman reservations and information concerning time of trains and connections, call at the Baltimore & Ohio Depot, Connelville, Pa. Telephone 280.

H. L. DOUGLASS, Ticket Agent, C. W. ALLEN, Trav. Pass. Agent.

THE GREYER MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

28 E. Main St., Uniontown, Pa.

Dr. J. E. Harner, Physician and Surgeon in charge.

Dr. E. Grever, Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

Located in Uniontown for the past three years.

Dr. E. Grever, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and one of the leading specialists of the State, is now permanently located at the above address, where he treats all chronic diseases of Men, Women and Children.

He makes a specialty of all forms of Nervous Diseases, Blood Poison, Secret Discharges, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, Erysipelas, St. Vitus Dance, Wrecking, etc., cured under guarantee.

Lost Manhood Restored.

Weakness of Young Men Cured, and All Private Diseases.

Varicose, Hemorrhoids and Rupture promptly cured without pain and no detention from business.

He cures the worst cases of Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Old Sores, Blood Poison, and all diseases of the Skin, Ear, Nose, Throat, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder.

Itching Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hemorrhoids, Cancer and Gout cured without cutting.

Special attention paid to the treatment of Nasal Catarrh.

He will forfeit the sum of \$5,000 for any case of Fits or Epileptic Convulsions that he cannot cure.

Consultation in English and German and strictly confidential. Write if you cannot call.

Office hours: From 9 A. M. to 8:30 P. M. On Sundays from 12 to 4 P. M. daily.

Read The Daily Courier.

Classified Advertisements.

WANTS, SALES, etc., will be inserted under this head at the rate of

One cent per word for each insertion.

BASEBALL.

BASEBALL RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati, St. Louis, 7.
Boston-Brooklyn, rain.
New York-Philadelphia, rain.
Pittsburgh-Chicago, wet grounds.
Sunday's Games.

At Chicago—	R H E
Pittsburgh.....	20 10 0 0 11—6 10 1
Chicago.....	20 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 3
Cannatta and Gibson; O'Connell and Moran.	
At Chicago (second game)—	R H E
Pittsburgh.....	6 0 0 0 0 0 10—6 5 0
Chicago.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 6 4
At St. Louis—	R H E
St. Louis.....	0 10 0 0 2 0 0 1—6 10 0
Cincinnati.....	0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0—4 6 1
Beane and Phelps; Kowatz, Campbell and McLean.	
At St. Louis (second game)—	R H E
Cincinnati.....	20 3 4 0 0 4—13 14 3
St. Louis.....	10 7 0 0 0 0—3 12 7
Swain, Gaspner, Campbell and McLean; Sallee, Higginbotham, Moore and Phelps.	

Standing of the Clubs.

Philadelphia.....	W. L. Pct.
.....	6 4 .800
Pittsburgh.....	6 4 .500
.....	8 6 .571
Cincinnati.....	10 9 .556
Chicago.....	8 7 .533
New York.....	4 8 .400
Brooklyn.....	4 9 .400
St. Louis.....	6 11 .353

Games Today.

Boston at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Chicago.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
New York at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Saturday's Games.

Detroit, St. Louis, 2.
Chicago-Cleveland, snow.
New York-Philadelphia, rain.
Boston-Washington, rain.

Sunday's Games.

At St. Louis—	R H E
Cleveland.....	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 7 0
St. Louis.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 0
Joss and Clarke; Powell, Petty and Stephens.	
At Chicago—	R H E
Detroit.....	20 10 0 0 1 10—6 10 0
Chicago.....	0 0 0 0 1 10—5 10 1
Willet, Mullin and Schmidt; Smith and Sullivan.	

Standing of the Clubs.

Detroit.....	W. L. Pct.
.....	12 3 .800
New York.....	7 5 .583
Boston.....	7 5 .583
Chicago.....	6 6 .500
Philadelphia.....	5 5 .500
Cleveland.....	5 8 .385
Washington.....	3 7 .300
St. Louis.....	4 10 .286

Games Today.

Philadelphia at New York.
Washington at Boston.

B. & O. WINS OUT.

Clerks Swamp Amateurs in Two Sets of Games Friday Night.

The Baltimore and Ohio Clerks won two sets of games from the Amateurs Friday on the Temple alleys, taking two out of three games each time. A postponed set was rolled off before the regular game was played. The scores:

B. & O.	1st 2nd 3rd Tot.
Swingley.....	125 125 125 400
Teeters.....	124 124 124 372
Schommer.....	123 123 123 369
Boyer.....	122 122 122 366
Hayward.....	121 121 121 363
Total.....	720 720 720 2160

Amateurs.

Flannery.....	1st 2nd 3rd Tot.
.....	120 120 120 360
Williams.....	119 119 119 357
Santmyer.....	118 118 118 354
Hyatt.....	117 117 117 351
Dennis.....	116 116 116 348
Total.....	710 710 710 2130

B. & O.

Swingley.....	1st 2nd 3rd Tot.
.....	125 125 125 400
Teeters.....	124 124 124 372
Schommer.....	123 123 123 369
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Hyatt.....	117 117 117 351
Dennis.....	116 116 116 348
Total.....	710 710 710 2130

When You Cultivate Saving

You make the acquaintance of thrift and prosperity and they will prove very reliable friends. An account with the Citizens National Bank safeguards your funds and increases them by adding interest to them. Four per cent interest paid on savings accounts. Citizens National Bank, Connelville, Pa. Capital \$100,000.00. Surplus and profits \$102,000.00.

Think Dog Was Mad.

Officer P. M. Ruhl killed a supposedly mad dog on the West Side Saturday. The animal, a huge black canine, was running amuck and frothing at the mouth when the officer arrived. The assassination took place on Seventh street.

Notice to Macabees.

The members of Young Tent No. 138, Knights of Macabees, are urged to be present at a social session to be held in Odd Fellows' Hall on Monday evening, May 3rd. Come and enjoy yourselves. S. A. Coughenour, R. K.

Baby Boy Arrives.

A baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Whipple, 308 East Fayette street.

WRIGHT-METZLER COMPANY.

We're Beginning May With a Sweeping Sale of Tailored Suits

Not a Single Suit in the Store Reserved.

\$25.00, \$27.50, \$28.50 AND \$32.50 TAILORED SUITS AT \$19.75

THERE'S nearly a hundred suits under this price. Every one of them spic, span new. Absolutely faultless in style and tailoring and there is an added incentive in the fact that there is scarcely three suits alike in the entire collection. Over 25 distinct models to choose from and then the variations given these models by diversity of fabric and trimming, makes nearly every suit in the lot distinctive and removed in matter of style from any of the others.

Every size is here. Every fabric that is stylish and every one of them of newest designing. You can't choose wrongly, and you can save from \$5.25 to \$12.75 on the suit that most appeals to you.

\$19.75

THERE are 36-inch Cutaways, 32-in., 34-in., 36-in. and 38-in. Hipless styles—Three-piece and directoire models, modeled from striped worsteds, fancy worsteds, serges, whipcords, Prunellas and shadow striped serges, shown in plain tailored effects; trimmed with buttons, braids, bengaline, silk—some of them self-trimmed. Coats are lined with taffeta, satin messaline or peau de cygne. The skirts are shown in seven to fifteen gored models, either plain gored, or button trimmed. Colors shown are greys, dark, medium or light mulberry, navy, black, tan, reseda, medium and dark.

You have all May and June to wear them steadily and there are few nights in summer but that you need a coat or outer garment as a protection. Our exclusive styles make this sale interesting.

\$37.50, AND \$38.50 SUITS AT \$27.50

These suits are shown in three-piece models, tailored manish styles and the hipless directoire suits, with jackets from 36 inches to 40 inches in length, with deep side vents trimmed with braids, cloth covered pearl or bone buttons. The skirts are plain gored or kilted styles. The materials are mainly French serges and fancy worsteds, shown in a broad and critical selection of designs. The linings are of messaline, taffeta and silk serges. Colors are tan, peacock blue, wistaria, reseda, grey and navy, and your saving can be either ten or eleven dollars, in accord with your selection. When you can buy a suit worth nearly forty dollars and not out of the factory over four weeks for a little more than twenty-five dollars and with a whole season's wear before you, you'll scarcely let the opportunity escape you. There's plenty of women have waited for this May sale of ours—so don't delay your coming—lots soon become broken when conditions of this kind prevail.

Every woman who has been in our store within the last four weeks has seen and admired these suits. They've noticed them—they know them. They can be no longer practiced. They've got to be just as they are advertised to be—worth \$37.50 and \$38.50, and these prices \$27.50. They are the best suit values that have, or will be, offered you anywhere.

\$27.50

\$18.50 AND \$22.50 SUITS AT \$14.50

Thirty-two inch semi-fitted models, Prince Chap styles, with shawl collars and deep, broad lapels, and many novel tailored suits, extremely snappy and chic in their every line. Materials are chiffon Panama, serges, and plain or shadow striped Panamas. Trimmings are bengaline silk, braid, buttons and a few messaline trimmed models—linings are of good quality satin. Skirts are plain gored, button trimmed. Colors are principally light and dark blue, green and black—in many variations of shades and weaves. Less than fifteen dollars is the price you'll pay and in most instances it buys a suit worth nearly twenty-five dollars. Only a few over fifty of these suits in the entire collection. They ought not to last the week through at such a reduction at the beginning of May.

There's not a single suit in the entire collection but that is absolutely correct in every way—style, tailoring, workmanship, material and fit, all perfect, and our suits always have something about them that distinguishes them from the ordinary ready-to-wear models. There won't be a single one of these left by Saturday night.

\$14.50

Handsome Suits that were \$16.50 to \$18 now \$13.50.

THE STYLES are 32 and 36 inch jackets with side or back vents—Hipless and semi-fitted models. Skirts are plain gored, button or self-trimmed. The coat linings are of good quality satin. Trimmings are principally of bengaline, messaline, silk and fancy covered buttons. The materials are Panamas and fancy Worsteds—the colors are tan, brown, green, reseda and blue. These suits are as critically tailored as are those of higher price. The materials are of very stylish designs and the "lines" of every suit conform to the strictest of fashions demand. They will hold their shapeliness right to the end of their usefulness because they are lined with dependable lining and careful handwork warrants their long life. The range of styles is very broad and offers you ample opportunity of satisfactory choice.

\$13.50

\$13.50 is a very small price to pay for a suit. Ordinarily it would be a risky thing to do, but in this case that expenditure secures you a suit worth either \$16.50 or \$18.00, both of these grades being included under one price. They are thoroughly dependable in every way and we can fully warrant them as to service, correctness and extreme bargain value. Every size is here and every modish color. But they're going to sell quickly at this little price.

\$13.50

Important Measures Passed Finally by Legislature.

Many Connelville people are naturally anxious to know what laws were passed finally by the Legislature which adjourned last week, but so many bills were rushed through at the last moment that it is difficult to keep track of them. Among those which have been presented to the Governor and which remain to be acted upon by him are many measures of general and local importance. The following may be mentioned.

The act providing that the State shall pay a part of the expense of establishing city or borough sewage disposal plants which are ordered by the State Health Commissioner was passed and may mean much to Connelville in the future.

All election officers will be interested in the law which provides that they shall receive the same pay for primary elections as for the regular elections.

Municipalities are permitted to acquire forests or other suitable lands for the purpose of establishing municipal forests and providing for the administration, maintenance, protection and development of such forests.

Hereafter borough and township tax

should reduce the work in the recorder's office and the number of books required to a considerable extent.

A reduction of five per cent on all borough and township tax is hereafter to be allowed for 30 days from date of notice by the collector that the delinquent has been issued a writ.

In many districts this will extend the time during which abatement may be secured.

Members of the humane societies secured the passage of a bill prohibiting the sale or offering for sale of any horse that could not be worked without violating the cruel laws; and also taxing riding or driving of such a horse except to a proper place for humane keeping or killing or for medical or surgical treatment.

The enforcement of this law will put a number of old horses out of commission in this neighborhood.

October 12, 1909, and that day thereafter is to be known as "Columbus Day" and is to be a legal holiday.

Boroughs are authorized to purchase or condemn land within or without the borough limits for garbage, sewage or other plants.

Educational, charitable and benevolent institutions of which all the revenue is applied for improvement and increased efficiency are to be exempt from taxation.

The sale of ice cream containing preservatives deleterious to health

such as borax acid, formaldehyde saccharin salts of copper, iron oxide, ochre or other coloring matter injurious to health or having matter not true to its name and as an imitation, is prohibited. One-half per cent of gelatine and gum tragacanth and nuts and fruits may be used.

The sale of any milk to which water has been added or from which butter fat has been removed is prohibited.

Skim milk may be sold as cream which contains less than 15 per cent of butter fat. The penalty is a fine of \$20 to \$50.

The pay of probation officers may be not more than \$100 per month to be fixed by the court and paid by the county.

A fine of \$5 is imposed for unlawfully killing or injuring a tree growing by the road side within the road limits. The object is to protect trees from vandals who work for telegraph, telephone, trolley and electric light companies.

An appropriation of \$250,000 was made for the purpose of paying such townships as may be entitled to receive it, the 15 per cent bonus authorized to be paid to townships of the second class which have abolished the work tax.

A resolution amending the constitution so as to abolish the payment of taxes as a qualification for voting was adopted. It must go through another Legislature and be approved by the

people before it becomes effective. Under the present system the party machines pay thousands of poll taxes and hold them so as to control the votes of individuals. It is a means of corruption and is condemned by the reform associations which advocated this bill.

The court or jury may hereafter fix the penalty for first degree murder at hanging or life imprisonment.

The life of the gypsy is hereafter to be made miserable by requiring him to take out a license to each county.

These are only a few of the many new laws enacted, but they are of particular interest to the people of this vicinity.

THE SOISSON.

Burns-Johnson Fight Pictures.

The Burns-Johnson fight pictures have been booked by Manager Robbins of the Soisson Theatre for Friday, May 7 matinee and night. These pictures are produced under special arrangement with Mr. Hugh McIntosh, promoter and referee of this famous fight, and are said to be the finest pictures ever taken of a like subject, even eclipsing the well known Jeffries-Sharkey pictures. This is the only engagement booked for this city and as the event was one of the most interesting in sporting history, everyone should take advantage of the exceptional opportunity offered and see these pictures.

SOISSON THEATRE
Friday, 7th.
MAY

MATINEES AND NIGHT.

W. A. BRADY PRESENTS

The Original Graphic Production

By Motion Pictures Taken at Ringside

of the

Tommy Burns

versus

Jack Johnson

Championship Contest

FIGHT AT SIDNEY AUSTRALIA

DEC. 28, 1908.

PRICES, Matinee, 15 and 25c

Night, 15, 25, 35 and 50c.

Seats on sale at theatre. Both phones.